

modulating the packet with spread-spectrum modulation.

*B1 Cont.*  
<sup>37</sup>  
~~42~~. The distributed-network, spread-spectrum method as set forth in claim <sup>33</sup>~~38~~, with the routing step including the step of transmitting, using radio waves, the packet with spread-spectrum modulation.--

**REMARKS**

By this amendment the applicant adds claims 9-42. Claims 1-42 are pending in the application.

5 The Examiner rejected claims 5-8 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. patent no. 5,751,791 to Chau et al., in view of U.S. patent no. 5,742,593 to Sharony et al. and U.S. patent no. 6,301,239 to Chuprun et al. The Examiner states that Chau teaches a network comprising a central office to send out data, a hub which transfers data within the network, a plurality of nodes and remote stations for sending and receiving data. The Examiner acknowledges that Chau fails to teach employing the spread-spectrum communications within the network. The Examiner states that Sharony or Chuprun teaches employing spread-spectrum communications within a distributed network for facilitating reliable communications. The Examiner further states that it would have been obvious to modify Chau by employing spread-spectrum communications to facilitate reliable communications.

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20           Chau teaches a message received at a user's home base to be  
accessed when the user roams. The present allows a user to  
access a closest node, with a packet moving from node to node  
within the distributed system dependent on traffic information  
at the node from which the packet will leave. Because the next  
25           node to which a packet is sent is dependent on traffic  
information about a multiplicity of neighboring nodes, an entire  
path of the packet through the distributed network is not  
determined *a priori*. Chau does not teach or suggest a packet  
passing through a distributed network, with the path of the  
30           packet dependent on traffic information regarding neighboring  
nodes.

Sharony uses time slots. Sharony does not teach or suggest  
a packet passing through a distributed network, with the path of  
the packet dependent on traffic information regarding  
35           neighboring nodes.

Chuprun uses an order wire for transmitting side  
information. If they have a collision, then they retransmit.  
Chuprun does not teach or suggest a packet passing through a  
distributed network, with the path of the packet dependent on  
40           traffic information regarding neighboring nodes.

          Attached are claims 9-42, for insertion to the patent  
application. Applicant request inserting these pages in the  
patent application

          Additional SMALL ENTITY fees due with this amendment are  
calculated as follows:

Total Claims (78 - 20) x \$9.00 (203) . . . . . 522.00  
Additional Independent Claims (6) x \$42.00 (202) . 252.00  
Multiple Dependent Claims \$140.00 (204) . . . . . 140.00

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Total Amount . . . . . \$914.00

Enclosed is a check in the amount of \$914.00 for filing the application. If the fee is insufficient for any reason, please charge the deficiency to Deposit Account No. 14-0783. If the fee is in excess for any reason, please credit the excess to Deposit Account No. 14-0783.

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Applicant solicits allowance of the claims.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date: June 17, 2002

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9. A distributed network, spread-spectrum system,  
comprising:

a plurality of remote stations;

a plurality of nodes for covering a geographic area,  
each node in the plurality of nodes for communicating, with one  
or more remote stations of the plurality of remote stations,  
using packets having a destination address and modulated with  
spread-spectrum modulation, with each packet transmitted between  
a respective node and remote station using radio waves; and

flow-control means for communicating traffic  
information between a first multiplicity of neighboring nodes of  
a first node of the plurality of nodes, with the first node  
capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the  
first multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic  
information including traffic density at each of the first  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the traffic information and to the respective  
packet, from the first node, having a respective destination  
address of a respective destination node of the plurality of  
nodes, for selecting a second node of the first multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, said flow-control means for routing,  
responsive to the traffic information, the respective packet  
through the second node to the respective destination node.

10. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 9, with  
said flow-control means for communicating traffic information

between a second multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the second node, with the second node capable of communication the  
5 respective packet to a node in the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the traffic information and to the respective packet, from the  
10 second node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, for selecting a third node of the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the traffic information, for routing the respective packet through the third node to the respective  
15 destination node.

11. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 10, with said flow-control means for communicating traffic information between a third multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the third node, with the third node capable of communicating the  
5 respective packet to a node in the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the traffic information and to the respective packet, from the third node,  
10 having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, for selecting a fourth node of the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,

responsive to the traffic information, for routing the  
respective packet through the fourth node to the respective  
destination node.

12. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 11,  
with said flow-control means for communicating traffic  
information between a fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes  
of the fourth node, with the fourth node capable of  
communicating the respective packet to a node in the fourth  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information  
including traffic density at each of the fourth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the  
traffic information and to the respective packet, from the  
fourth node, having the respective destination address of the  
respective destination node, for selecting a fifth node of the  
fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control  
means, responsive to the traffic information, for routing the  
respective packet through the fifth node to the respective  
destination node.

13. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 12,  
with said flow-control means for communicating traffic  
information between a fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of  
the fifth node, with the fifth node capable of communicating the  
respective packet to a node in the fifth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including

10 traffic density at each of the fifth multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the traffic  
information and to the respective packet, from the fifth node,  
15 having the respective destination address of the respective  
destination node, for selecting a sixth node of the fifth  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the traffic information, for routing the  
respective packet through the sixth node to the respective  
destination node.

5 14. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 13,  
with said flow-control means for communicating traffic  
information between a sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of  
the sixth node, with the sixth node capable of communicating a  
respective packet to a node in the sixth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including  
traffic density at each of the sixth multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the traffic  
information and to the respective packet, from the sixth node,  
10 having the respective destination address of the respective  
destination node, for selecting a seventh node of the sixth  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the traffic information, for routing the  
respective packet through the seventh node to the respective  
destination node.

15. A distributed network, spread-spectrum system,  
comprising:

a plurality of remote stations;

a plurality of nodes for covering a geographic area,  
each node in the plurality of nodes for communicating, with one  
or more remote stations of the plurality of remote stations,  
using packets having a destination address and modulated with  
spread-spectrum modulation, with each packet transmitted between  
a respective node and remote station using radio waves; and

flow-control means for communicating first traffic  
information between a first multiplicity of neighboring nodes of  
a first node of the plurality of nodes, with the first node  
capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the  
first multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the first traffic  
information including traffic density at each of the first  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the first traffic information and to the  
respective packet, from the first node, having a respective  
destination address of a respective destination node of the  
plurality of nodes, for selecting a second node of the first  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means for  
responsive to the first traffic information, the respective  
packet through the second node to the respective destination  
node.



16. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 15,  
with said flow-control means for communicating second traffic  
information between a second multiplicity of neighboring nodes  
of the second node, with the second node capable of  
5 communicating a respective packet to a node in the second  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the second traffic  
information including traffic density at each of the second  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the second traffic information and to the  
10 respective packet, from the second node, having the respective  
destination address of the respective destination node, for  
selecting a third node of the second multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the second traffic  
information, for routing the respective packet through the third  
15 node to the respective destination node.

17. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 16,  
with said flow-control means for communicating third traffic  
information between a third multiplicity of neighboring nodes of  
the third node, with the third node capable of communicating a  
5 respective packet to a node in the third multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, with the third traffic information including  
traffic density at each of the third multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the third traffic  
information and to the respective packet, from the third node,  
having the respective destination address of the respective

destination node, for selecting a fourth node of the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the third traffic information, for routing the respective packet through the fourth node to the respective destination node.

18. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 17, with said flow-control means for communicating fourth traffic information between a fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the fourth node, with the fourth node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the fourth traffic information including traffic density at each of the fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the fourth traffic information and to the respective packet, from the fourth node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, for selecting a fifth node of the fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the fourth traffic information, for routing the respective packet through the fifth node to the respective destination node.

19. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 18, with said flow-control means for communicating fifth traffic information between a fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the fifth node, with the fifth node capable of communicating a

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respective packet to a node in the fifth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, with the fifth traffic information including  
traffic density at each of the fifth multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the fifth traffic  
information and to the respective packet, from the fifth node,  
10  
having the respective destination address of the respective  
destination node, for selecting a sixth node of the fifth  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the fifth traffic information, for routing the  
respective packet through the sixth node to the respective  
15  
destination node.

20. The distributed network, as set forth in claim 19,  
with said flow-control means for communicating sixth traffic  
information between a sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of  
the sixth node, with the sixth node capable of communicating a  
5  
respective packet to a node in the sixth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, with the sixth traffic information including  
traffic density at each of the sixth multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the sixth traffic  
information and to the respective packet, from the sixth node,  
10  
having the respective destination address of the respective  
destination node, for selecting a seventh node of the sixth  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes, said flow-control means,  
responsive to the sixth traffic information, for routing the

15      respective packet through the seventh node to the respective destination node.

21. A distributed network, spread-spectrum method, having a plurality of remote stations and a plurality of nodes for covering a geographic area, comprising the steps of:

5                communicating, between a node of the plurality of nodes and one or more remote stations of the plurality of remote stations, using packets having a destination address and modulated with spread-spectrum modulation, with each packet transmitted between a respective node and remote station using radio waves;

10               communicating traffic information between a first multiplicity of neighboring nodes of a first node of the plurality of nodes, with the first node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the first multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including  
15               traffic density at each of the first multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

20               selecting, responsive to the traffic information and to the respective packet, from the first node, having a respective destination address of a respective destination node of the plurality of nodes, a second node of the first multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

                 routing, responsive to the traffic information, the respective packet through the second node to the respective

destination node.

22. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 21, further comprising the steps:

communicating traffic information between a second multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the second node, with the second node capable of communication the respective packet to a node in the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

selecting, responsive to the traffic information and to the respective packet, from the second node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, a third node of the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

routing, responsive to the traffic information, the respective packet through the third node to the respective destination node.

23. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 22, further comprising the steps:

communicating traffic information between a third multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the third node, with the third node capable of communicating the respective packet to a node in the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the

third multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

10 selecting, responsive to the traffic information and  
to the respective packet, from the third node, having the  
respective destination address of the respective destination  
node, a fourth node of the third multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes; and

15 routing, responsive to the traffic information, the  
respective packet through the fourth node to the respective  
destination node.

24. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as  
set forth in claim 23, further comprising the steps:

5 communicating traffic information between a fourth  
multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the fourth node, with the  
fourth node capable of communicating the respective packet to a  
node in the fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the  
traffic information including traffic density at each of the  
fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

10 selecting, responsive to the traffic information and  
to the respective packet, from the fourth node, having the  
respective destination address of the respective destination  
node, a fifth node of the fourth multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes; and

15 routing, responsive to the traffic information, the  
respective packet through the fifth node to the respective  
destination node.

25. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 24, further comprising the steps:

communicating traffic information between a fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the fifth node, with the fifth node capable of communicating the respective packet to a node in the fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

selecting, responsive to the traffic information and to the respective packet, from the fifth node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, a sixth node of the fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

routing, responsive to the traffic information, the respective packet through the sixth node to the respective destination node.

26. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 25, further comprising the steps:

communicating traffic information between a sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the sixth node, with the sixth node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the

sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

10 selecting, responsive to the traffic information and  
to the respective packet, from the sixth node, having the  
respective destination address of the respective destination  
node, for selecting a seventh node of the sixth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes; and

15 routing, responsive to the traffic information, the  
respective packet through the seventh node to the respective  
destination node.

27. A distributed network, spread-spectrum method, having  
a plurality of remote stations and a plurality of nodes for  
covering a geographic area, comprising the steps of:

5 communicating, between a node of the plurality of  
nodes and one or more remote stations of the plurality of remote  
stations, using packets having a destination address and  
modulated with spread-spectrum modulation, with each packet  
transmitted between a respective node and remote station using  
radio waves;

10 communicating first traffic information between a  
first multiplicity of neighboring nodes of a first node of the  
plurality of nodes, with the first node capable of communicating  
a respective packet to a node in the first multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes, with the first traffic information including  
traffic density at each of the first multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes;



selecting, responsive to the first traffic information and to the respective packet, from the first node, having a respective destination address of a respective destination node of the plurality of nodes, a second node of the first multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

routing, responsive to the first traffic information, the respective packet through the second node to the respective destination node.

28. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 27, further comprising the steps:

communicating second traffic information between a second multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the second node, with the second node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the second traffic information including traffic density at each of the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

selecting, responsive to the second traffic information and to the respective packet, from the second node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, a third node of the second multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

routing, responsive to the second traffic information, the respective packet through the third node to the respective destination node.

29. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 28, further comprising the steps:

communicating third traffic information between a third multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the third node, with the third node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the third traffic information including traffic density at each of the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

selecting, responsive to the third traffic information and to the respective packet, from the third node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, a fourth node of the third multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

routing, responsive to the third traffic information, the respective packet through the fourth node to the respective destination node.

30. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 29, further comprising the steps:

communicating fourth traffic information between a fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the fourth node, with the fourth node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the fourth traffic information including traffic density at each of the fourth multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

selecting, responsive to the fourth traffic

10 information and to the respective packet, from the fourth node,  
having the respective destination address of the respective  
destination node, a fifth node of the fourth multiplicity of  
neighboring nodes; and

15 routing, responsive to the fourth traffic information,  
the respective packet through the fifth node to the respective  
destination node.

31. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as  
set forth in claim 30, further comprising the steps:

5 communicating fifth traffic information between a  
fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the fifth node, with  
the fifth node capable of communicating a respective packet to a  
node in the fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the  
fifth traffic information including traffic density at each of  
the fifth multiplicity of neighboring nodes;1

10 selecting, responsive to the fifth traffic information  
and to the respective packet, from the fifth node, having the  
respective destination address of the respective destination  
node, a sixth node of the fifth multiplicity of neighboring  
nodes; and

15 routing, responsive to the fifth traffic information,  
the respective packet through the sixth node to the respective  
destination node.

32. The distributed network, spread-spectrum method, as set forth in claim 31, further comprising the steps:

communicating sixth traffic information between a sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes of the sixth node, with the sixth node capable of communicating a respective packet to a node in the sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes, with the sixth traffic information including traffic density at each of the sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes;

selecting, responsive to the sixth traffic information and to the respective packet, from the sixth node, having the respective destination address of the respective destination node, a seventh node of the sixth multiplicity of neighboring nodes; and

routing, responsive to the sixth traffic information, the respective packet through the seventh node to the respective destination node.

33. The distributed network as set for im claim 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20, with said flow-control means including means for communicating with radio waves.

34. The distributed network as set for im claim 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20, with said flow-control means including means for communicating with spread-spectrum modulation using radio waves.

25 35. The distributed-network, spread-spectrum method as set forth in claim 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 or 32, with the routing step including the step of modulating the packet with spread-spectrum modulation.

30 36. The distributed-network, spread-spectrum method as set forth in claim 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 or 32, with the routing step including the step of transmitting, using radio waves, the packet with spread-spectrum modulation.

37. A distributed network, spread-spectrum system, comprising:

a plurality of remote stations;

a plurality of nodes for covering a geographic area, each node in the plurality of nodes for communicating, with one or more remote stations of the plurality of remote stations, using packets having a destination address and modulated with spread-spectrum modulation, with each packet transmitted between a respective node and remote station using radio waves; and

flow-control means for communicating traffic information between the plurality of nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the plurality of nodes, said flow-control means, responsive to the traffic information and to a respective packet, from a first node, having a respective destination address of a respective

destination node of the plurality of nodes, for selecting a path of a multiplicity of nodes through the plurality of nodes to the destination node, said flow-control means for routing, responsive to the traffic information, the respective packet through the path of the multiplicity of nodes to the respective destination node.

38. A distributed network, spread-spectrum method, having a plurality of nodes, comprising the steps of:

communicating, to a respective node of the plurality of nodes, with one or more remote stations of a plurality of remote stations, using packets having a destination address and modulated with spread-spectrum modulation, with each packet transmitted between the respective node and remote station using radio waves;

communicating traffic information between the plurality of nodes, with the traffic information including traffic density at each of the plurality of nodes;

selecting, responsive to the traffic information and to a respective packet, from the respective node, having a respective destination address of a respective destination node of the plurality of nodes, a path of a multiplicity of nodes through the plurality of nodes to the destination node; and

routing, responsive to the traffic information, the respective packet through the path of the multiplicity of nodes to the respective destination node.

39. The distributed network as set forth in claim 37, with said flow-control means including means for communicating with radio waves.

40. The distributed network as set forth in claim 37, with said flow-control means including means for communicating with spread-spectrum modulation using radio waves.

41. The distributed-network, spread-spectrum method as set forth in claim 38, with the routing step including the step of modulating the packet with spread-spectrum modulation.

42. The distributed-network, spread-spectrum method as set forth in claim 38, with the routing step including the step of transmitting, using radio waves, the packet with spread-spectrum modulation.